

ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC

Mã đề thi 485

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....Số báo danh:.....Phòng thi

SECTION A: MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS (64 questions x 0.125 = 8 points)

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

OWNING A PET

The joys and tribulations of being a pet owner! During our lifetime most of us have some experience of either owning a pet or being in (1) _____ contact with someone who does. Is there such a thing as “the ideal pet”? If so what characterizes the ideal pet? Various (2) _____ influence one’s choice of pet, from your reasons for getting a pet to your lifestyle. For example, although quite a few pets are relatively cheap to buy, the cost of (3) _____ can be considerable. Everything must be (4) _____ into account, from food and bedding, to vaccinations and veterinary bills. You must be prepared to (5) _____ time on your pet, which involves shopping for it, cleaning and feeding it. Pets can be demanding and a big responsibility. Are you prepared to exercise and (6) _____ an animal or do you prefer a more independent pet? How much spare room do you have? Is it right to lock an energetic animal into a (7) _____ space? Do you live near a busy road which may threaten the life of your pet? Pets (8) _____ as turtles and goldfish can be cheap and convenient, but if you prefer affectionate pets, a friendly cat or dog would be more (9) _____. People get pets for a number of reasons, for company, security or to teach responsibility to children. Pets can be affectionate and loyal and an excellent source of company as long as you know what pet (10) _____ you and your lifestyle.

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|--------------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| Question 1: A. tight | B. close | C. narrow | D. near |
| Question 2: A. factors | B. points | C. facets | D. elements |
| Question 3: A. upkeep | B. raising | C. upbringing | D. maintenance |
| Question 4: A. taken | B. held | C. considering | D. kept |
| Question 5: A. occupy | B. take | C. spend | D. waste |
| Question 6: A. housekeep | B. houstrain | C. housework | D. household |
| Question 7: A. closed | B. reduced | C. confined | D. detained |
| Question 8: A. so | B. such | C. much | D. for |
| Question 9: A. suited | B. good | C. appropriate | D. likely |
| Question 10: A. matches | B. fits | C. suits | D. goes with |

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| Question 11: A. passion | B. discussion | C. expression | D. decision |
| Question 12: A. shoulder | B. should | C. would | D. could |
| Question 13: A. warned | B. sacred | C. decided | D. hatred |

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Question 14: A. maximum | B. determine | C. marvellous | D. compliment |
| Question 15: A. intervention | B. pessimistic | C. centenarian | D. vulnerable |

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 16: (A) When the chemicals (B) inside a cell (C) no longer produce ions, the cell stops (D) to function.

Question 17: (A) One or the other of the secretaries (B) have to attend the meeting. But (C) both of them are reluctant (D) to do so.

Question 18: (A) The populace was (B) so terrified of the tornado that (C) however town she visited she found (D) villages deserted of inhabitants and livestock.

Question 19: Although I didn't (A) personally see who was responsible (B) for this mess, (C) but I think I can (D) make a guess.

Question 20: What surprised me most (A) was that he (B) kept smiling even after (C) so many insults (D) directing at him.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 21: Jenny was afraid because the dog sounded fierce.

- A. malevolent B. cruel C. untamed D. gentle

Question 22: This kind of dress is becoming outmoded. If I were you, I wouldn't dress it up at the party.

- A. fashionable B. realistic C. unfashionable D. attractive

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Line Most forms of property are concrete and tangible, such as houses, cars, furniture or anything else that is included in one's possessions. Other forms of property can be intangible and copyright deals with intangible forms of property. Copyright is a legal protection **extended** to authors of creative works, for example, books, magazine articles, maps, films, plays, television shows, software, paintings, photographs, music, choreography in dance and all other forms of intellectual or artistic property.

5 Although the purpose of artistic property is usually public use and enjoyment, copyright establishes the ownership of the creator. When a person buys a copyrighted magazine, it belongs to this individual as a tangible object. However, the authors of the magazine articles own the research and the writing that went into creating the articles. The right to make and sell or give away copies of books or articles belongs to the authors, publishers, or other individuals or organizations that hold the copyright. To copy an entire book or a part of it, permission must be received from the copyright owner, who will most likely expect to be paid.

10 Copyright law distinguishes between different types of intellectual property. Music may be played by anyone after it is published. However, if it is performed for profit, the performers need to pay a fee, called a royalty. A similar **principle** applies to performances of songs and plays. On the other hand, names, ideas, and book titles are accepted. Ideas do not become copyrighted property until they are published in a book, a painting or a musical work. Almost all artistic work created before the 20th century is not copyrighted because it was created before the copyright law was passed.

15 The two common ways of **infringing upon** the copyright are plagiarism and piracy. Plagiarizing the work of another person means passing it off as one's own. The word *plagiarism* is derived from the Latin *plagiarius*, which means "abductor". Piracy may be an act of one person, but, in many cases, it is a joint effort of several people who reproduce copyrighted material and sell it for profit without paying royalties to the creator. Technological innovations have made piracy easy and anyone can duplicate a motion picture on videotape, a computer program, or a book. Video cassette recorders can be used by practically anyone to copy movies and television programs, and copying software has become almost as easy as copying a book. Large companies zealously monitor their copyrights for slogans, advertisements, and brand names, protected by a trademark.

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Question 23: *What does the passage mainly discuss?*

- A. Legal rights of property owners
- B. Examples of copyright piracy
- C. Copying creating work for profit
- D. Legal ownership of creative work

Question 24: *The word “extended” in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.*

- A. granted
- B. guaranteed
- C. exposed
- D. explicated

Question 25: *It can be inferred from the passage that copyright law is intended to protect _____.*

- A. the creator’s ability to profit from the work
- B. paintings and photographs from theft
- C. the user’s ability to enjoy an artistic work
- D. computer software and videos from being copied

Question 26: *The word “principle” in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____.*

- A. crucial point
- B. formidable force
- C. fundamental rule
- D. cardinal role

Question 27: *Which of the following properties is NOT mentioned as protected by copyright?*

- A. music and plays
- B. paintings and maps
- C. scientific discoveries
- D. printed medium

Question 28: *It can be inferred from the passage that it is legal if _____.*

- A. two drawings, created by two different artists, have the same images
- B. two songs, written by two different composers, have the same melody
- C. two plays, created by two different playwrights, have the same plot and characters
- D. two books, written by two different authors, have the same titles

Question 29: *With which of the following statements is the author most likely to agree?*

- A. It is illegal to make photographs when sightseeing or traveling
- B. Singers can publicly sing only the songs for which they wrote the music and the lyrics
- C. Plays written in the 16th century cannot be performed in theaters without permission
- D. Teachers are not allowed to make copies of published materials for use by their students

Question 30: *The phrase “infringing upon” in paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.*

- A. violating
- B. abhorring
- C. inducting for
- D. impinging upon

Question 31: *The purpose of copyright law is most comparable with the purpose of which of the following?*

- A. A school policy
- B. A household rule
- C. A law against theft
- D. A law against smoking

Question 32: *According to the passage, copyright law is _____.*

- A. routinely ignored
- B. meticulously observed
- C. zealously enforced
- D. frequently debated

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 33: The introduction of credit cards radically modified North Americans’ spending habits.

- A. devoted
- B. altered
- C. reduced
- D. resolved

Question 34: He hurled the statue to the floor with such force that it shattered.

- A. dropped
- B. pushed
- C. pulled
- D. threw

Question 35: According to Freud, dreams can be interpreted as the fulfillment of wishes.

- A. attainment
- B. performance
- C. conclusion
- D. completion

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 36: He _____ in me on the understanding that I wouldn’t tell anyone else.

- A. confined
- B. disclosed
- C. confessed
- D. confided

Question 37: That’s the trouble with the night shift. It _____ your private life too much.

- A. breaks in
- B. breaks into
- C. breaks through
- D. breaks up

Question 38: They were _____ for smuggling jewellery into the country.

- A. warned
- B. arrested
- C. judged
- D. accused

Question 39: The construction of the new road is _____ winning the support of local presidents.

- A. reliant on
- B. thanks to
- C. responsible for
- D. dependent on

Question 40: Wood floats on water because it is _____ water.

- A. the less dense as
- B. less dense than
- C. of lesser density as
- D. not as much density than

Question 41: 500 years ago the average human _____ was about 40 years.

- A. life-span
- B. lifetime
- C. life cycle
- D. life length

Question 42: Why don't they _____ their attention on scrutinizing the evidence instead of questioning the passers-by?

- A. attract
- B. focus
- C. draw
- D. devote

Question 43: The exquisite antique bottle was carved _____ marble.

- A. at
- B. about
- C. from
- D. by

Question 44: – “How about giving me a hand?” – “_____.”

- A. No, not yet
- B. You're welcome
- C. I promise
- D. Sure. I'd be glad to help

Question 45: Could you stand _____ for me and teach my English class tomorrow morning, John?

- A. down
- B. up
- C. out
- D. in

Question 46: Laura: “What a lovely house you have!” Maria: “_____.”

- A. Thank you. Hope you will drop in
- B. I think so
- C. I feel very excited
- D. Of course not, it's not costly

Question 47: I've got a terrible hangover. If only I _____ that fourth bottle of wine.

- A. didn't drink
- B. don't drink
- C. wouldn't drink
- D. hadn't drunk

Question 48: She _____ to the airport like that. The plane was delayed by several hours.

- A. wouldn't have rushed
- B. couldn't have rushed
- C. mustn't have rushed
- D. needn't have rushed

Question 49: He will be very upset if you _____ his offer of help.

- A. turn from
- B. turn away
- C. turn against
- D. turn down

Question 50: _____ in astronomy, the discovery of Uranus was by accident.

- A. It was like many finds
- B. Like many finds
- C. Alike many finds
- D. Many alike finds

Question 51: _____ from San Diego to the Mexican border.

- A. It's not far
- B. There is not far
- C. Few miles
- D. Not far

Question 52: The medicine made me feel dizzy. I felt as though the room _____ around and around.

- A. were spinning
- B. would be spinning
- C. is spinning
- D. spins

Question 53: The band is planning to go on _____ in Europe and Asia next year.

- A. travel
- B. circuit
- C. trip
- D. tour

Question 54: She has just bought _____.

- A. a Swiss beautiful brand-new watch
- B. a brand-new beautiful Swiss watch
- C. a Swiss brand-new beautiful watch
- D. a beautiful brand-new Swiss watch

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Line It is estimated that over 99 percent of all species that ever existed have become extinct. What causes extinction? When a species is no longer adapted to a changed environment, **it** may perish. The exact causes of a species' death vary from situation to situation. Rapid ecological change may render an environment hostile to a species. For example, temperatures may change and a species may not be adapted. Food resources may be affected by environmental changes, which will then cause problems for a species requiring these resources. Other species may become better adapted to an environment, resulting in competition and, **ultimately**, in the death of a species.

5 The fossil record reveals that extinction has occurred throughout the history of Earth. Recent analyses have also revealed that on some occasions many species became extinct at the same time - a mass extinction. One of the best-known examples of mass extinction occurred 65 million years ago with the **demise** of dinosaurs and many other forms of life. Perhaps the largest mass extinction was the one that occurred 225 million years ago, when approximately 95 percent of all species died. Mass

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15 extinctions can be caused by a relatively rapid change in the environment and can be worsened by the close interrelationship of many species. If, for example, something were to happen to destroy much of the **plankton** in the oceans, then the oxygen content of Earth would drop, even affect organisms not living in the oceans. Such a change would probably lead to a mass extinction.

20 One interesting, and controversial, **finding** is that extinctions during the past 250 million years have tended to be more intense every 26 million years. The periodic extinction might be due to intersection of the earth's orbit with a cloud of comets, but this theory is purely speculative. Some researchers have also speculated that extinction may often be random. That is, certain species may be eliminated and others may survive for no particular reason. A species' survival may have nothing to do with its ability or inability to adapt. If so, some of revolutionary history may reflect a sequence of essentially random events.

Question 55: The word "it" refers to _____.

- A. extinction B. species C. 99 percent D. environment

Question 56: The word "ultimately" is closest meaning to _____.

- A. dramatically B. unfortunately C. eventually D. exceptionally

Question 57: What does the author say in paragraph 1 regarding most species in Earth's history?

- A. They have remained basically unchanged from their original forms.
B. They are no longer in existence.
C. They have been able to adapt to ecological changes.
D. They have caused rapid change in the environment.

Question 58: Which of the following is NOT mentioned in paragraph 1 as resulting from rapid ecological change?

- A. Availability of food resources B. Competition among species
C. Temperature changes D. Introduction of new species

Question 59: The word "demise" is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. change B. help C. recovery D. death

Question 60: Why is "plankton" mentioned?

- A. To illustrate a comparison between organisms that live on the land and those that live in the ocean
B. To point out that certain species could never become extinct.
C. To demonstrate the interdependence of different species
D. To emphasize the importance of food resources in preventing mass extinction.

Question 61: According to paragraph 2, evidence from fossils suggests that _____.

- A. extinctions on Earth have generally been massive
B. dinosaurs became extinct much earlier than scientists originally believed
C. there has been only one mass extinction in Earth's history
D. extinction of species has occurred from time to time throughout Earth's history

Question 62: The word "finding" is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. published information B. scientific discovery
C. research method D. ongoing experiment

Question 63: Which of the following can be inferred from the theory of periodic extinction mentioned in paragraph 3?

- A. Many scientists could be expected to disagree with it.
B. Most scientists believe the theory to be accurate.
C. The theory is no longer seriously considered.
D. evidence to support the theory has recently been found.

Question 64: In paragraph 3, the author makes which of the following statements about a species' survival?

- A. It may depend on chance events.
B. It does not vary greatly from species to species
C. It reflects the interrelationship of many species.
D. It is associated with astronomical conditions.

I. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it. Write your answers on your answer sheet.

1. She never seems to succeed, even though she works hard.

→ *However* _____

2. "I'm sorry I didn't phone you earlier". Jill said.

→ *Jill apologized* _____

3. Without Jack's help, I wouldn't have been able to move the table.

→ *If* _____

4. Immediately after his arrival home, a water-heater exploded.

→ *Hardly* _____

5. People believe that the Chinese invented paper in 105 A.D.

→ *Paper* _____

II. (In about 150 words) write a paragraph answering the following question:

"There is a general increase in anti-social behaviours and lack of respect for others. What are the causes and solutions?"

THE END

ĐÁP ÁN MÃ 485			
STT	KEY	STT	KEY
1	B	33	B
2	A	34	D
3	A	35	D
4	A	36	D
5	C	37	B
6	B	38	B
7	C	39	D
8	B	40	B
9	C	41	A
10	C	42	B
11	D	43	C
12	A	44	D
13	A	45	D
14	B	46	A
15	D	47	D
16	D	48	D
17	B	49	D
18	C	50	B
19	C	51	A
20	D	52	A
21	D	53	D
22	A	54	D
23	D	55	B
24	A	56	C
25	A	57	B
26	C	58	D
27	C	59	D
28	D	60	C
29	D	61	D
30	A	62	B
31	C	63	A

32	A	64	A
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HƯỚNG DẪN CHẤM (PHẦN THI TỰ LUẬN)

WRITING (2 points): Part I - (5 questions x 0.1 = 0.5 points); Part II - (1.5 points)

(Nếu học sinh làm theo cách khác mà vẫn đúng với nghĩa của câu gốc, giám khảo cần nhắc tính điểm)

I: Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it.

1. She never seems to succeed, even though she works hard.

→ **However** hard she works, she never seems to succeed.

2. "I'm sorry I didn't phone you earlier". Jill said.

→ **Jill apologized** (to me) for not phoning me earlier.

3. Without Jack's help, I wouldn't have been able to move the table.

→ **If it hadn't been for Jack's help / If Jack hadn't helped me**, I wouldn't have been able to move the table.

4. Immediately after his arrival home, a water-heater exploded.

→ **Hardly** had he arrived home than a water-heater exploded.

5. People believe that the Chinese invented paper in 105 A.D.

→ **Paper** is believed to have been invented by the Chinese in 105 A.D.

II. (In about 150 words) write a paragraph answering the following question:

"There is a general increase in anti-social behaviours and lack of respect for others. What are the causes and solutions?"

Mô tả tiêu chí đánh giá điểm tối đa

Tiêu chí	Điểm
1. Bố cục bài viết	0.40
2. Phát triển ý: Logic; dẫn chứng; ví dụ ...	0.25
3. Sử dụng ngôn từ: Văn phong; từ nối ...	0.30
4. Nội dung đủ thuyết phục; độ dài +/- 5% (150 words: 12 words/line = 11 → 13 lines)	0.30
5. Ngữ pháp, dấu câu, chính tả (1 lỗi: -0.15p)	
Tổng điểm	1.50

∞ The end ∞